

# Keeping the Door Open

## Learning How to Invite Clients Back

**Aim**—Improving the “no-show” rate for clients in our intensive outpatient program.

**Measure of Success**—An increase in the number of patients who show up for their first appointment.

### Improving the No-Show Rate

**The Change**—A scripted telephone call to clients who don’t show up to invite them for the next day, and to help them strategize around any treatment barriers.

### The Results—Outreach to No-Show Clients

	Pre-Change Feb. 2-22 2004	Post-Change Feb. 23- March 12	Sustained Post Monitoring Feb. 23-May 14
Show	57% n=36	66% n=25	70% n=146
No-Show	43% n=27	34% n=13	30% n=63

### Results by Specific Client Groups

	Pre-Change Feb. 2-22 2004	Post-Change Feb. 23-Mar. 12 (show rates reported after phone intervention)	Extended Change Feb. 23-May 14 (show rates reported after phone intervention)
Scheduled IOP outpatient evaluations	Show = 49% n = 26	Show = 69% n = 20	Show = 76% n = 112
	No-Show = 51% n = 27	No-Show = 31% n = 9	No-Show = 24% n = 35
Attend first scheduled IOP day after outpa- tient evaluation	Show = 88% n = 23	Show = 95% n = 19	Show = 93% n = 69
	No-Show = 12% n = 3	No-Show = 5% n = 1	No-Show = 7% n = 5
Attend first sched- uled IOP day after direct referral from inpatient service	Show = 50% n = 10	Show = 56% n = 5	Show = 55% n = 34
	No-Show = 50% n = 10	No-Show = 44% n = 4	No-Show = 45% n = 28

### Conclusions—

- A small investment of time in a telephone call results in a decrease in the no-show rate, especially of external clients.
- The no-show rate is the highest, even after the change, in the group of people referred from our own inpatient service.

### The Change Team



**Future Directions**—Improving continuation rates in intensive outpatient by a redesign of our client orientation process.

### The Next Challenge

To improve the no-show rate in the group least likely to show up for intensive outpatient services—our own inpatients.

### Cycle 1

Organizing the inpatient discharge so that clients could attend IOP on the same day as their discharge from the hospital.

**Results**—The change failed.

Clients wanted to go home from the hospital and the change did not improve the rate of clients showing up in IOP.

### Cycle 2

A scripted visit or telephone call at the point of inpatient discharge inviting the client to IOP treatment and explaining what to expect.

**Preliminary Results**—Structured telephone call or visit appears to improve the client no-show rate.

### Outreach to Inpatient No-Show Clients

	Pre-change Feb. 2-22 2004	Extended Change Feb. 23 - May 14 Cycle #1 (Show rates reported after phone intervention plus same day admission to program)	Change Cycle #2 Sept. 8 - 29 (Visits or calls to inpatients prior to IOP Admission)
Attended first scheduled IOP day after direct referral from inpatient service	Show 50% n=10	Show 55% n=34	Show 75% n=6
	No-Show 50% n=10	No-Show 45% n=28	No-Show 25% n=2

### Conclusions—

- Reaching out to clients helps improve no-show rates.
- Clarifying client expectations of the program improves no-show rates.
- Keeping the door open by inviting clients back multiple times improves no-show rates.
- As a technique of early engagement, welcoming clients takes the shame out of their “failure to show up,” which encourages them to continue treatment.



**Keeping the Door Open**—We had to learn that not showing up was not a failure and how to “invite” clients back.



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